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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/773,165	02/09/2004	Nobuya Nakagawa	248538US	6760
22850	7590 07/01/2004		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			FORD, JOHN K	
	1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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DATE MAILED: 07/01/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Z	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/773,165	NAKAGAWA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
·	John K. Ford	3753			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period of - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status  1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE MOI  36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to, cause the application to become ABANDONE g date of this communication, even if timely filed	NTH(S) FROM  mely filed  ys will be considered timely.  In the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward	<ul> <li>☐ This action is FINAL.</li> <li>☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.</li> </ul>				
Disposition of Claims  4) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) 1-4 are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/198 460  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:				

Art Unit: 3753

The first species of Figures 2-8 was claimed and patented in parent application SN 10/198460, now USP 6,739,388. None of the current claims are readable on that species.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: second species of Figures 9-15 (as shown), third species of Figures 16-17 (as shown), fourth species of Figures 9-15 with the modified air-mix damper of Figure 18 and fifth species of Figures 16-17 with the modified air-mix damper of Figure 18.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, at least claim 1 appears to be generic to the second-fifth species identified above generie.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

**Art Unit: 3753** 

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The "superposed" limitation in claim 11 is not understood. Does it mean that evaporator 12 and heater 14 cannot be located one immediately above the other in a vertical direction, or does it mean that, if any horizontal line is drawn across Figure 1, no portion of evaporator 12 and heater 14 will intersect that horizontal line simultaneously? Please explain in detail what " not superposed when seen in a vehicle front – to – back direction" is supposed to mean. The Examiner finds the phrase ambiguous for the reasons set forth above.

Art Unit: 3753

It is also unclear in claim 1 whether an air-conditioning system, per se, is being claimed or whether an air-conditioning system and a vehicle combination is being claimed.

If the vehicle is not part of the claim then limitations like "vehicle front – to- back direction" as found in claim 1 will not be given patentable weight.

Applicant claims the evaporator is mounted in the upper front portion of the casing. Isn't it really in the upper middle portion of the casing as shown in Figure 9?

Applicant in the last few clauses of claim 1 claims "the rear side" and "the front side" of the heater core. Applicant has not defined which side constitutes the rear and which side constitute the front of the heater core. In claim 2 "the rate of a portion" is unusual diction. The examiner would suggest rewriting the rate limitation in claim 2 using the word "proportion". Claim 3 is vague. Funnels have an almost infinite variety of shapes.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

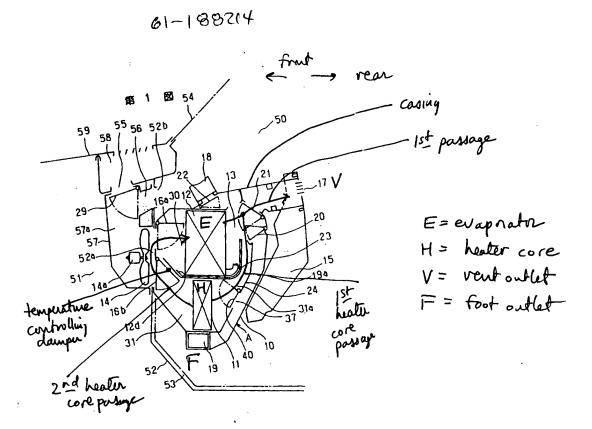
The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 3753

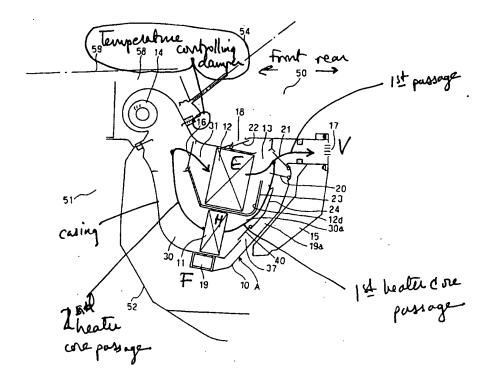
Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over JP 61-188214 or JP 60-157914.

See Figure 1 of JP '214 reproduced below, with the relevant limitations from claims 1 and 2 labeled. A similar Figure is also shown for JP'914.



Art Unit: 3753

60-157914



Page 7

Claim3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claim1 above, and further in view of JP 10-288353.

JP '353 teaches a funnel-shaped condensate pair, which would have been obvious to have placed under the evaporator of either JP '214 or JP'914 to advantageously catch and drain the condensate which will inevitably form during hot humid weather.

Claim4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claim1 above, and further in view of JP 10-264638 or JP 6-270644.

To have replaced the air mix damper 16 of JP '914 or 16a and /or of JP '214 with an air-mix damper with a bent portion as taught by JP'638 or JP'644 to improve linearity of air-flow with respect to rotational angle of the air-mix door to permit improved control would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to John Ford at 703 telephone number 308-2636.

Ford/dl

June 8, 2004